

DDPHCL2 Unit pH / Chlorine Control

INSTRUCTION MANUAL

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WARNINGS



This manual is dedicated to the technical personnel responsible of the installation, management and maintenance of the plants. The manufacturer assumes no responsibility for damages or malfunctions occurring after intervention by non-authorized personnel, or not compliant with the prescribed instructions.



Before performing any maintenance or repair action, ensure that the system is electrically and hydraulically insulated.



Dispose of waste material and consumables accordingly with local regulations.

GENERAL SAFETY TIPS



WARNING! Before performing any operation on the pump, unplug the pump and discharge the liquid from the pump head and tubes. **Never operate on working pump!**



During maintenance and repair of parts that normally become in contact with chemicals, always wear all prescribed personal protections (gloves, clothes, glasses, etc.).

The pump has to be handled by qualified personnel only. Always use original spare parts for maintenance.

Failure to follow instructions can cause damage to the equipment and, in extreme cases, to people.

How to ship the instrument

To send back the device for repairing or calibration purposes, proceed as follows:

- Fill the module "REPAIR REQUEST AND DECONTAMINATION DECLARATION" supplied with this manual, and include it in the transport documentation.
- Clean the device properly, to eliminate any hazardous residuals.

The manufacturer can modify the instrument or the technical manual without advanced notice.

Warranty

All our products are warranted for a period of 12 months from the delivery date.

Warranty is not valid if all instructions of installation, maintenance and use, are not strictly followed by the user. Local regulations and applicable standards have also to be followed.

In particular, the warranties regarding the operational safety and reliability of dosing pumps will be recognized only if the following conditions are fulfilled:

- o The installation, wiring, adjustment, maintenance and repairs performed only by qualified personnel
- o Only original spare parts have been used for repairs

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PACKING LIST

The DDPHCL2 unit is supplied already wired internally, and complete with:

- 1. pH electrode with glass body, 65 cm cable and BNC connector with protective sheath
- 2. Redox electrode with platinum sensor, glass body, 65 cm cable and BNC with protective sheath
- 3. pH and redox calibration solutions, 90 ml each (pH4, pH7 and 220 mV)
- 4. Two standard kits for peristaltic pump, each one including:
 - foot filter and injection valve with ½" connections
 - PVC Crystal, 4x6 tube for suction line, 2 meters
 - semi-rigid PE, 4x6 tube for injection line, 2 meters
- 5. Screws and stoppers for wall installation
- 6. Instruction manual

INTRODUCTION

DDPHCL2 is a compact system easy to install (wall) and maintain, which allows to monitor and control the pH and redox potential levels in swimming pools.

The DDPHCL2 system includes a digital controller which operates accordingly with the set thresholds, two peristaltic pumps, pH and redox electrodes with BNC connector, and down-flow probe-holder.

INSTALLATION



Warning! Always follow the warnings and general safety information referred at the beginning of this manual!

Install the DDPHCL2 unit away from heat sources, in a dry place protected from direct sunlight, at a maximum ambient temperature of 40°C.

The minimum temperature shall be such as to ensure the solution to be dosed remains in a fluid state and in no case less than that declared in the "Technical specifications" section.

The DDPHCL2 unit must be installed on a vertical wall and securely clamped. Choose a location that allows easy calibration operations, use and maintenance.

Place the tanks of the products to be dosed below the pumps, without exceeding the maximum suction height of the pumps (about 1.5 m).

If the system is installed below the level of the liquid to be dosed, check the condition of the injection valves or install appropriate anti-siphon kit.

If the pump is placed above the tank and the reagent fumes could be especially aggressive, check the tank seals.

Connect the connectors may be disconnected for packaging reasons to the respective inputs on the bottom of the unit (see the "Functional description" section for further details).

TECHNICAL DATA

pH and RX Inputs available on BNC connectors, input impedance > $10^12 \Omega$

Measure Ranges 0.00 to 14.00 pH, 0 to 1000 mV (redox)

Precision better than 1% of the full scale Repeatability better than 0.2% of the full scale

Configuration two configuration level (standard and advanced)

Digital Inputs 2 independent inputs for level sensors, available on connectors, accept

voltage-free contact 5 V / 5 mA;

1 FLOW input that can be used for connecting both the filter pump

contactor or the flow sensor, voltage-free contact 5 V / 5 mA

Display large alphanumeric, double row (x 16 characters) LCD, with backlight

Electrode-holder down-flow type, transparent methacrylate body, with standard

connections for 8x12 tube and sampling needle

Peristaltic Pumps Flow rate: 1.5 l/h @ 1 bar for pH adjustment (acid dosage)

6 l/h @ 1 bar for chlorine dosage

Materials: fiberglass reinforced PP pump head and fittings,

Santoprene internal tube, PBT roller holder with Delrin

(self-lubricant) rollers

Max suction height: 1.5 m

Power Supply 230 V~ ±10%, 50 Hz, max 80 VA

Protection Fuse F1A 5x20 (@ 230V~)

Environment Storage temperature -20 to +60 °C

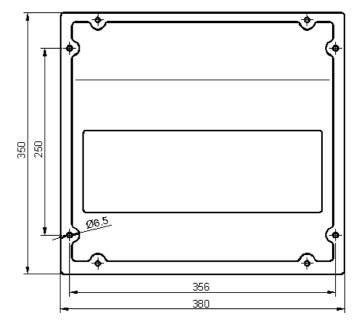
Working temperature -10 to +40 °C

RH max 90% noncondensing
Casing self-extinguish plastic material with polyester front panel
Installation wall installation with supplied screws and stoppers

Protection Rate IP65

Dimensions 380 x 350 x 175 mm

Fixing Template 356 x 250 mm Weight approx. 5 kg



FUNCTIONAL DESCRIPTION OF THE SYSTEM

Front view



- Control panel with large display and keyboard (see description on next page)
- Peristaltic pump (1) for acid dosage
- Peristaltic pump (2) for chlorine dosage
- Transparent methacrylate, down-flow type electrode-holder

Bottom view: connections



- POWER Prewired power cable
- LEV1 Level sensor connector for acid pump / tank 1 (acid)
- LEV2 Level sensor connector for chlorine pump / tank 2 (chlorine)
- FLOW Connector for flow sensor
- pH BNC connector for pH electrode
- RX BNC connector for redox electrode

Front panel



POWER LED Green light; slow flashing indicates that the unit is powered and normally

functioning, while fast blinking indicates a fault (lack of liquid to be dosed or pump

disabled)

PUMP1, 2 LED Red light on during the rotation of the respective pump

CAL Key Provides access to the "Configuration", "Calibration" and "Manual Mode" menus;

confirms parameter modifications

↓ Key Scrolls the available menus/options; in calibration and configuration modes

decreases the displayed value

1 Key Scrolls the available menus/options; in calibration and configuration modes

increases the displayed value

ESC Key In calibration and configuration modes exits without saving the modifications;

from manual mode resumes to normal operations

ON/OFF Key Activate / de-activates the unit or confirms alarms; both the disabled dosing or

alarm condition are indicated by the POWER LED that flashes fast

(Warning! The unit remains disabled even in case of shutdown / restart)

HYDRAULIC CONNECTIONS

Check that the suction line does not exceed the maximum height of 1.5 m from the tank bottom. Unscrew the pipe-wrench nut and remove the two protective caps from fittings (in the case a pump head needs to be removed, it is recommended to reuse the protective caps, to prevent any leakage from the pump body).

Note: If the product to be dosed is <u>sulfuric acid</u> (10% max concentration), previously remove any water from the pump and use polyethylene pipes.

All operations to tighten the pipe connections of the pumps must be done by hand, without using any tools (e.g. pliers squeeze tube), to avoid damaging the hydraulic connections.



Warning! Before performing any kind of operation on the pump, carefully read the HSDS of the chemical to be dosed, in order to define the proper behaviours to be followed, and the personal safety equipment to be worn.

Suction Line (also see drawing)

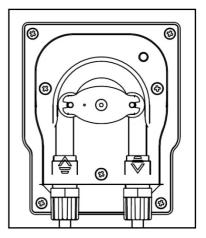
- 1. Unscrew the fixing nut of the connector located on the bottom left side of the pump head and marked in the figure with an incoming arrow.
- 2. Cut the transparent PVC Crystal tube.
- 3. Insert the fixing nut and the tube-wrench on the tube.
- 4. Mount the tube on the conic tube-holder of the suction connector, pushing it until it reaches the stop collar.
- 5. Fix the tube by screwing the fixing nut onto the suction connector of the pump head.
- 6. Locate the PVC Crystal tube inside the tank and/or the suction lance.
- 7. Unscrew the fixing nut of the foot filter.
- 8. Cut the transparent PVC Crystal tube.
- 9. Insert the fixing nut and the tube-wrench on the tube.
- 10. Mount the tube on the conic tube-holder of the foot filter connector, pushing it until it reaches the stop collar.
- 11. Fix the tube by screwing the fixing nut onto the connector of the foot filter.
- 12. Screw the foot filter onto the suction lance (if used) and/or locate it in its working place.

Notes:

- The foot filter must be located at a minimum distance of 5 cm from the tank bottom.
- If a dense product is dosed, it is recommended to remove the small inside filter from the foot valve, in order to facilitate the suction.

Injection Line (also see drawing)

- 1. Unscrew the fixing nut of the connector located on the bottom right side of the pump head and marked in the figure with an outgoing arrow.
- 2. Cut the white, semi-rigid polyethylene tube.
- 3. Insert the fixing nut and the tube-wrench on the tube.
- 4. Mount the tube on the conic tube-holder of the suction connector, pushing it until it reaches the stop collar.
- 5. Fix the tube by screwing the fixing nut onto the head connector of the pump head.
- 6. Place the injection tube avoiding as much as possible the curves and ensuring that the pulses do not make the tube rub against rigid bodies.
- 7. Perform electrical connections (see related section in the manual) and power the pump.
- 8. At the injection point on the pipeline, mount a ½" GAS connection, internally threaded (not supplied.



- 9. Wrap PTFE tape to the thread and tighten the injection valve to the fitting.
- 10. Unscrew the pipe-wrench nut of the injection valve fitting.
- 11. Cut the white, semi-rigid, PE tube.
- 12. Insert the pipe-wrench on the PE tube.
- 13. Mount the tube on the conic hose of the injection valve, pushing it until it reaches the stop collar.
- 14. Screw the pipe-wrench nu tonto the valve fitting.

Note: The injection valve also works as non-return valve: do not disassemble it internally.

ELECTRICAL CONNECTIONS

The DDPHCL2 unit is supplied already wired internally and complete with power cable (with plug upon request). This is the only electrical connection to be performed by the customer. Standard power supply: 230 V~, 50 Hz, monophasic.



Carefully follow all the rules of electrical safety.

Before starting the unit, check that all electrical and plumbing connections have been properly executed.

The measure inputs from pH and redox electrodes are available on BNC connectors, while inputs for level sensors (one for each pump) and flow sensor are available on special connectors that allow an extremely fast and easy connection even for unskilled personnel.

Note: the pH and redox inputs should never be left open; if an input is not used, you need to short-circuit it.

Level Control

The system is supplied already configured for disabling the dosage in case of low level in the tank. The level control is made through a specific float sensor (optional, see "Accessories and spare parts"), to be connected to pins 3 and 4 of the LEV connector (see Figure)



When the product level in the tank falls below the level sensor, the unit stops dosing and the fault is shown on the display.

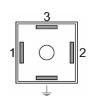
The alarm condition is generated with a delay of a few seconds compared to the detection of low level, to avoid errors due to extreme situation (such as water surface).

Two inputs for level sensor are available, one for each pump / tank.

Flow Control

The system is supplied already configured for disabling the dosage in case of lack of water flow. The control is made through a SPDT contact to be connected to pins 3 and \pm of the FLOW connector (see Figure).

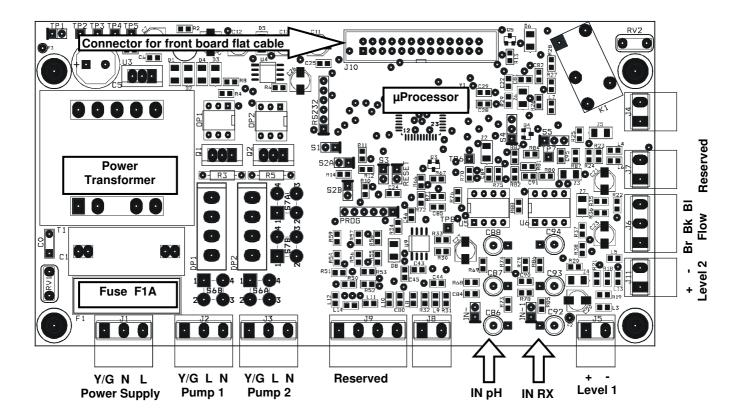
A specific flow sensor is also available (optional, see "Accessories and spare parts").



INTERNAL CONNECTIONS (for technical personnel only)

The unit is provided prewired internally, and all connections of normal use (power supply, measurement sensors and level sensors) are available externally via cable or connector.

However, if you need to operate on the electronic boards or replace blown fuses, refer to the diagram below.



Notes:

- The possible reversal of the connections line / neutral of the power supply does not affect the normal operation.
- If the level and flow inputs are not used, leave them open (not connected).

START-UP

At start-up the microcontroller displays for a couple of seconds information about the firmware (type / version), then shows the two measures flashing for all the start-up delay time (if set) and then starts operating accordingly with the configured working mode.

VISUALIZATIONS

During normal operations, the display shows the two measured values on the top line, while the bottom row displays the status of the two pumps.

For example: "7.25pH 286mV"

"P1 ON P2 020%"

(pump 1 ON in ON/OFF mode, pump 2 ON in proportional mode with indication

of the functioning percentage)

In these conditions, pressing the \downarrow or \uparrow button, you can display the OFFSET and GAIN values of the pH and redox measurements. For example: "7.25pH"

"O=-4 G=1.000"

This information is useful to verify the electrode status. Note that an electrode in good condition should have an offset close to zero and a gain close to 1.000. When these values deviate from the ideal ones, indicate a dead electrode or sensor aging.

During manual working mode, the display shows on the top line the pump to which the information refers, while the bottom row shows the pump status.

For example: "Pump 2 manual"

"ON"

In these conditions, pressing the ON/OFF button allows to enable / disable the pump. In case of fault or alarm condition, the pump stops dosing until the normal working conditions are restored.

OPERATION OF THE ELECTRONIC UNIT

To access the configuration, calibration and manual mode menus, press the CAL button. The display will show the following available options:

- Standard Configuration
- Advanced Configuration
- Calibration IN1 (input 1) pH
- Calibration IN2 (input 2) redox
- Manual Mode 1 (pump 1, acid dosage)
- Manual Mode 2 (pump 2, chlorine dosage)

Use the $\downarrow \uparrow$ keys to scroll the available options, then press CAL to enter the highlighted mode or ESC to return to measurement visualization.

Standard Configuration

The standard configuration mode allows the customer to set a series of parameters related to the normal functioning of the unit. These parameter can be freely accessed and configured from the front keyboard.

 Once selected the "Standard Configuration" option, press the CAL button to edit the list of parameters, or press ESC to return to the normal visualization mode

S	T	A	N	D	A	R	D	C	O	N	F	I	G	
C	A	L	>	Y	E	S			E	S	C	>	N	O
	ı													
			1	-		T		-		-	-		-	
P	0	1		F	U	N	C	Т	Y	P	E		P	1

- 2) Now use the ↑ ↓ keys to scroll the list of the available parameters
- 3) To modify the displayed parameter, press CAL; to guit the mode press ESC

Advanced Configuration

The advanced configuration mode also includes the parameters protected by password, that allow a complete configuration of the system. This mode is normally accessed only by authorized technical personnel.

 Once selected the "Advanced Configuration" option, press the CAL button to edit the list of parameters, or press ESC to return to the normal visualization mode

A	D	V	A	N	C	E	D	C	O	N	F	Ι	G	
C	A	L	>	Y	E	S			E	S	C	>	N	0

- 2) Now use the $\uparrow \downarrow \downarrow$ keys to scroll the list of the available parameters
- 3) To modify the displayed parameter, press CAL; to quit the mode press ESC

List of Configuration Parameters

In this section are listed all the configuration parameters.

It is recommended to fill the last column with the values set for your application.

PAR.	Description	Min Value	Max Value	Default Value	Set Value
P01	Functioning Type Pump 1	ON-OFF /	Proportional	ON-OFF	
P02	Setpoint Pump 1	0.00pH	14.00pH	7.00pH	
P03	Hysteresis Pump 1	0.20pH	2.00pH	0.50pH	
P04	Dosage Pump 1	Acidification	/ Alkalization	Acidification	
P05	Time Base Pump 1 if P01= ON-OFF if P01= Proportional	5% 30 sec	100% 360 sec	60% 60 sec	
P06	Functioning Type Pump 2	ON-OFF /	Proportional	ON-OFF	
P07	Setpoint Pump 2	0mV	1000mV	750mV	
P08	Hysteresis Pump 2	20mV	200mV	50mV	
P09	Dosage Pump 2	Chlorination / I	De-chlorination	Chlorination	
P10	Time Base Pump 2 if P06= ON-OFF if P06= Proportional	5% 30 sec	100% 360 sec	60% 60 sec	
P11	Alarm Pump 1	0min	240min	0min	
P12	Alarm Pump 2	0min	240min	0min	
P13	Start Delay	0min	60min	0min	
P14	Language		- English - Español	English	
P15	Restore default values	0	255	0	
P16	Password	0	255	0	
P17	Alarm Functioning	Relay NO	Relay NC	Relay NO	
P18	Flow Functioning	Input NO	/ Input NC	Input NO	
P19	pH Equilibrium	0min	240min	0min	

Warning! The complete list of parameters can be accessed only from the "Advanced Configuration" menu, while the "Standard Configuration" mode allows to modify only the parameters that are <u>not</u> protected by password (highlighted in bold in the table above).

Meaning of Configuration Parameters

PARAMETER 01 FUNCTIONING TYPE OF THE PUMP 1

This parameter allows to set the functioning type of pump 1, typically used for the pH control.

PARAMETER 02 SET-POINT PUMP 1

This parameter allows to enter the desired pH value for the swimming pool water. The dosing pump is activated / de-activated to reach this value and keep it constant.

PARAMETER 03 HYSTERESIS PUMP 1

This parameter is sued to adjust the functioning hysteresis of pump 1 around the threshold set in P02. It is recommended to set a narrow window in case of ON-OFF mode, while for proportional mode it is advisable to set a window of at least points.

PARAMETER 04 DOSAGE DIRECTION OF PUMP 1

This parameter allows to set the dosage direction. The choice depends on the product dosed to adjust the pH level: if you dose an acid, set this parameter to "Acidification", while if you dose a base set "Alkalization".

PARAMETER 05 TIME BASE FOR PUMP 1

If the pump is configured to ON-OFF mode, this parameter indicates a percentage of operation of the pump, on a fixed time base of 100 seconds. 100% corresponds to pump always ON, while 5% indicates that the pump is ON for 5% of time (=5 seconds) and OFF for the remaining 96% (=95 seconds). If the pump is configured for proportional operation, this parameter indicates the time base of pump.

PARAMETER 06 FUNCTIONING TYPE OF THE PUMP 2

This parameter allows to set the functioning type of pump 2, typically used for controlling the redox potential level. See description of parameter P01.

PARAMETER 07 SET-POINT PUMP 2

See parameter P02, but referred to redox measurements.

PARAMETER 08 HYSTERESIS PUMP 2

See parameter P03, but referred to redox measurements.

PARAMETER 09 DOSAGE DIRECTION OF PUMP 2

See parameter P04, but referred to redox measurements and dosing directions "Chlorination / Dechlorination".

PARAMETER 10 TIME BASE FOR PUMP 2

See parameter P05, but referred to the pump 2.

PARAMETER 11 DOSAGE ALARM OF PUMP 1

This parameter allows to generate an alarm when the measurement does not return to the setpoint value within a set time interval, from 0 (function disabled) to 240 minutes. The counter starts when the unit detects a measurement that exceeds the setpoint value, and automatically resets to zero when measurement returns to an acceptable. If measurement remains outside of the setpoint for a time longer than that set, an alarm is generated, the display shows the message "Al.1" and the pump stops dosing. To reset the alarm and resume to normal operations, press the ON/OFF button or shutdown and restart the unit

This condition can occur when the dosage is insufficient to reach the setpoint (P02).

PARAMETER 12 DOSAGE ALARM OF PUMP 2

See parameter P11, but referred to pump 2.

PARAMETER 13 START-UP DELAY

This parameter allows to set a start-up delay, which is a time of waiting before starting measurements to allow the correct polarization and stabilization of the measuring electrodes. This prevents unreliable initial readings. Typically in the case of pH measurements one minute is enough, while for redox electrodes may be necessary a delay of 30 minutes. This waiting time also allows to compensate for any hydraulic delays which may occur at the start-up of the plant. Set a time (in minutes) during which, after turning on the electronic unit, the system waits, measurements blink on the display and the pumps are not active. After this time, the system begins normal operation.

PARAMETER 14 LANGUAGE

This parameter allows to select the display language.

PARAMETER 15 RESTORE THE DEFAULT SETTINGS

This feature allows to restore the factory configuration if you want to delete incorrect or undesired settings. Once confirmed this option, all custom setting will be lost.

To enable the feature, enter the value "12".

PARAMETER 16 PASSWORD

This parameter allows to enter a password (numeric value within 1 and 255) to protect the system from unauthorized access. Once set and confirmed, the password will be requested to access the menus "Advanced configuration" and "Manual mode".

The instrument is supplied with no password set (P16=0).

Warning! If you forget the password, you need to send back the unit to the factory for a complete reconfiguration (out of warranty)!

PARAMETER 17 FUNCTIONING OF THE ALARM OUTPUT

This feature is not used for this unit.

PARAMETER 18 FLOW FUNCTIONING

This parameter allows to select the functioning mode of the "flow" input, normally open "NO" (factory setting) or normally closed "NC".

Warning! The inversion of this parameter compared to the default setting can determine the functioning of the device even in the absence of flow!

PARAMETER 19 pH EQUILIBRIUM

This parameter allows to set a maximum waiting time before activating the redox (chlorine) adjustment, during which only the pH adjustment is active.

This time is counted from the start-up of the equipment, simultaneously to a possible start-up delay set in P13, during which the entire measuring system is in stand-by.

In other words, the pH adjustment is activated after the start-up delay (P13) has elapsed, while the redox (chlorine) regulation is activated when the pH reaches the set threshold (P02) or in any case at the end of the "pH Equilibrium" period.

For example, if a 1-minute start-up delay is set and you want the pH is adjusted for a maximum of 15 minutes before also activate the redox (chlorine) regulation, the "pH Equilibrium" time should be set to 16 minutes.

To disable this feature, simply set the parameter to 0 (default).

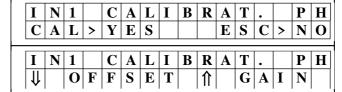
Notes:

- Once in configuration mode, if no button is pressed for 30 seconds, the unit automatically returns to the idle mode.
- The system is factory configured with default values; you can delete undesired settings and restore the initial configuration, using the "RESTORE" function (P15).

Electrochemical Calibration

pH Calibration

- Rinse the pH electrode with distilled water, then immerse it in the pH 7.01 pH buffer solution
- Press the CAL key to enter the menu mode and use the ↑ ↓ keys to select the option "IN1 CALIBRATION"



- 3) Press CAL again to confirm
- Press

 to select the OFFSET calibration and confirm by pressing CAL
- The system automatically recognizes and displays the buffer value (7.01 pH) 5)
- If necessary, use the $\uparrow \downarrow$ keys to adjust the calibration value
- Press CAL to confirm the calibration, or ESC to quit the procedure and keep the previous calibration 7)
- 8) Rinse the pH electrode with distilled water, then immerse it in the pH 4.01 (or 9.01) buffer solution
- 9) Press the CAL key to enter the menu mode and use the ↑ ↓ keys to select the option "IN1" CALIBRATION"
- 10) Press CAL again to confirm
- 11) Press 1 to select the GAIN calibration and confirm by pressing CAL
- 12) The system automatically recognizes and displays the buffer value (4.01 or 9.01 pH)
- 13) If necessary, use the ↑ ↓ keys to adjust the calibration value
- $C \mid A \mid L \mid I \mid B \mid R \mid A \mid T$ PH $C \mid A \mid L \mid > \mid Y \mid E \mid S$ E|S|C|>N | O |C|A|L|I $|\mathbf{R}|\mathbf{A}|\mathbf{T}$ $\mathbf{P} \mid \mathbf{H}$ \parallel O|F|F|S|E|T⇑ G|A|I
- 14) Press CAL to confirm the calibration, or ESC to quit the procedure and keep the previous calibration

- If the system does not automatically recognize the buffers or the "Calibration Impossible" error occurs, it can be due to: a) buffer solution contaminated or expired
 - b) electrode faulty or dead
 - c) connection cable or connector damaged
- If you try to calibrate the offset at a pH value too different from 7.00, the calibration is automatically ignored. Similarly if you try to calibrate the gain with a buffer solution at a pH too close to neutrality, the procedure will
- \triangleright During normal operation, it is possible to view the offset (pressing \emptyset) and gain (pressing $\widehat{\eta}$) values, to check the electrode status. The ideal values are an offset close to zero and a gain close to 1.000. When these values are close to the max / min limits (offset: -1.00pH ... +1.00pH; gain: 0.750 ... 1.500), the electrode is contaminated or dead.

Redox Calibration

- 1) Rinse the electrode with distilled water, then immerse it in the calibration solution (e.g. 220 mV)
- 2) Press the CAL key to enter the menu mode and use the $\uparrow \downarrow \downarrow$ keys to select the option "IN2"
- CALIBRATION" 3) Press CAL again to confirm
- confirm by pressing CAL
- $N \mid 2$ C|A|L|I|B|R|A|T $\mathbf{R} \mid \mathbf{X}$ O|F|F|S|E|T $C \mid A \mid L \mid I \mid B \mid R \mid A \mid T \mid$. $I \mid N \mid 2$ $\mathbf{R} \mid \mathbf{X}$ C|A|L| > |Y|E|S $\mathbf{E} \mid \mathbf{S} \mid \mathbf{C}$
- 5) The system automatically recognizes and displays the solution value (220 mV)
- 6) If necessary, use the $\uparrow \downarrow$ keys to adjust the calibration value
- 7) Press CAL to confirm the calibration, or ESC to guit the procedure and keep the previous calibration

Notes

- If the system does not automatically recognize the buffers or the "Calibration Impossible" error occurs, it can be due to: a) calibration solution contaminated or expired
 - b) electrode faulty or dead
 - c) connection cable or connector damaged
- During normal operation, it is possible to view the offset value by pressing *∅*, to check the electrode status. The ideal offset value is close to zero. When this value is close to the max / min limits (-100mV ... +100mV), the electrode is contaminated or dead.

Manual Mode

At any time you can force a manual working mode, useful for a temporary use of the system. If a password has been set (see parameter P16), the system will require it to enable the access to this feature.

- 1) Press the CAL key to enter the menu mode and use the ↑ ↓ keys to select the option "MANUAL FUNC.1" (or "MANUAL FUNC.2")
- 2) Press CAL again to confirm
- 3) Similarly proceed for pump 2
- 4) Press ESC at any time to exit the manual mode

M	A	N	U	A	L		F	U	N	C			P	1	
C	A	L	>	Y	E	S				E	S	C	>	N	0
M	A	N	U	A	L		P	U	M	P		1			
0	F	F													

Warning! In manual mode only one pump at a time can be activated.

CONTROL EXAMPLES

Typical application in swimming pool control: acidification when pH exceeds the pH value of 7.30. Refer to the "List of configuration parameters" and set:

- P01 → ON/OFF working mode for pump 1
- P02 → set-point 7.30 pH
- P04 → dosage direction "ACIDIFICATION"
- P11 → alarm pump 1 = 60 minutes

Typical application in swimming pool control: chlorination when redox potential falls below 680 mV. Refer to the "List of configuration parameters" and set:

- P06 → PROPORTIONAL working mode (recommended for an easier stabilisation)
- P07 → set-point 680 mV
- P09 → dosage direction "CHLORINATION"
- P10 → if the quantity of the product to be injected is not known, it is recommended to start with a time base of 60 seconds (default), and if the chlorination process would last too long, decrease the time base gradually until a conditioning time of approx. 30-45 minutes
- P12 → alarm pump 2 = 60 minutes

Common settings for the two examples described above:

- P13 → start-up delay of 15 minutes (average time required for the polarization of redox electrodes)
- P16 → protection PASSWORD to prevent unauthorized access

ERRORS / ALARMS

Every error or anomaly detected by the system generates an alarm message on the display:

LEV1 / **LEV2** The level sensor 1 or 2 detected a low level of the liquid to be dosed;

restore the level into the related tank

FLOW The flow sensor detected an anomaly that can be due to low pressure

into the hydraulic circuit or wrong adjustment of the flow sensor; restore

the flow or adjust the sensor

STOP This message indicates that the pumps have been manually de-activated

by pressing the ON/OFF button

UR / ORUnder/Over Range: measurement out of range; this signal can be

generated by a dead or broken electrode, or by a damaged or

disconnected cable; check the system and restore correct measurement

conditions

AL.1 / AL.2 Dosing time alarm for pump 1 or 2: measurement is outside the set-point

for a time longer than the set limit, due to an insufficient dosage or a wrong configuration of the alarm time (see parameters P11 and P12);

set the parameters properly

Calibration Impossible Check the status of electrode and connection cable; check that the

calibration solutions are not expired or contaminated; repeat the

procedure

MAINTENANCE

The periodic maintenance operations are essential for the proper functioning of the system and its duration in time. The below advices should be strictly followed.



Before any operation, make sure the system is unplugged!

Dosing Pumps

Weekly operations:

- Check the level of the solution to be dosed to prevent the pump from running dry
- Check that the suction and head pipes are clean and not containing any impurities
- Check that the filter is not clogged to avoid the decreasing of flow rate

Operations every three months (or in case of pump drifting):

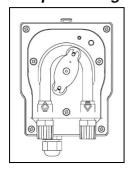
- Clean all the parts that come into contact with the chemical (pump body, foot filter and injection valve). If the pump doses additives that from crystals, clean more frequently.
 Proceed as follows:
 - Dip the suction tube and the foot filer into clean water
 - o Start the pump and leave it run for a few minutes to let the water wash the pump head If there are crystals to remove, proceed as follows:
 - First use a proper chemical (instead of water) to dissolve the crystals (e.g. hydrochloric acid for sodium hypochlorite crystals) and let the pump work for a few minutes
 - Repeat the procedure with clean water

Once the cleaning is done, connect again the pump to the plant and resume normal operations.

Extraordinary maintenance – Replacing the peristaltic tube:

Unscrew the two front screws and remove the transparent cover. To remove the old tube, first release the left connector and then turn the roller-holder as shown by the arrow in the figure, to free the tube up to the right connector.
Insert the left connector into the new tube, in its housing, while making sure that the rounded part is positioned inward. Then turn the roller-holder clockwise, so that the tube is inserted in its housing.
Insert the right connector in its housing and tighten the two front screws to fix the transparent cover.

Pump wintering:



Before shutting down the system for wintering or anyway for a long period, dose clean water to rinse the tube, then rotate the roller-holder clockwise to position it as shown in the figure.

pH and Redox Electrodes

Typically, it is recommended to clean the electrodes when the response is slow or measurements are not reliable, and when they have been used for a long time, especially in aggressive solutions, pollutants, very acidic or very alkaline environments. A kit of solutions is available, for the cleaning and storage of pH and redox electrodes. The kit includes three solutions:

- Solution A: dip the electrode in this solution for cleaning it
- Solution B: use this solution to rinse the electrode, before and after cleaning
- Solution C: storage solution to be used for filling the electrode protective cap when the electrode is not used (wintering, closure of the plant)

ACCESSORIES AND SPARE PARTS

Item	Description	Part No.			
pH Electrode	pH Electrode with plastic body, direct cable and BNC	80092000			
RX Electrode	RX/Pt Electrode with plastic body, direct cable and BNC	80192100			
SDE	Transparent methacrylate, down-flow probe-holder with PP connections for hose 6x8 and sampling outlet	80610258			
Flow control kit fo	r SDE electrode-holder	97009203			
Standard kit	PVC Crystal suction hose (2 m), PE delivery hose (2 m), injection valve and foot filter	96000100			
Spare blue front case for peristaltic pump, with O-ring					
Transparent front cover for peristaltic pumps					
Santoprene interr	96000232				
Silicone internal t	ube for peristaltic pumps	96000242			
SLP2	Level sensor with 2 m cable and connector	97009002			
pH4-S	pH 4 buffer solution, 90 ml bottle	80090095			
pH7-S	pH 7 buffer solution, 90 ml bottle	80090096			
RX220-S	Redox calibration solution (220 mV), 90 ml bottle	80190091			
KRE	Cleaning and storage kit for pH and redox electrodes	80099902			